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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/042,743	10/16/2002	Kazukuni Hiraoka	Kazukuni Hiraoka PLM 1003-02US 9159	
28327	7590 10/03/2003		EXAMINER	
THE LAW OFFICE OF JOHN A. GRIECCI 703 PIER AVE., SUITE B #657			RADA, ALEX P	
	E., SOITE B #037 BEACH, CA 90254		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		.3714.	
			DATE MAILED: 10/03/2003	0/

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

_		<b>1</b>				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/042,743	HIRAOKA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alex P. Rada	3714				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONI	imely filed  ys will be considered timely.  In the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15.	<u>July 2003</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ The	nis action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 July 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.  12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	Adminor.					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	a ariarity under 35 LLS C & 110/	(a) (d) or (f)				
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	in priority under 35 0.5.6. § 119(	a)-(a) or (i).				
· _ ·	ts have been received					
	<ul> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 09/238,967.</li> </ul>					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language pr</li> <li>15)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes</li> </ul>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2</li> </ol>	5) Notice of Informa	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

In response to the amendment filed July 15, 2003 in which the applicant has amended claims 1, 13, and 14, adds new claims 17-19, and claims 1-19 are pending in this office action.

## Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morioka `111 in view of Itai `709.
- 4. Morioka discloses a game machine having a memory device storing three-dimensional data related to a plurality of objects and a game program, an input device (simulated gun, not

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shown), a display (100), a processing device, (18) having a game program with three-dimensional data prospectively converting images in an animate manner, (see Abstract), a process in which close objects are partly focused to which further objects are blurred and the information that represents objects and colors are rendered and processed (column 1, line13 – column 3, line 38, at least) as recited in claims 1, 13, and 17; the three-dimensional data having at least a plurality of polygon-apex information representing objects and color information corresponding to the individual polygons as determined by the polygon information and a plurality of objects located in the world coordinate system on the projection surface an the objects are processed at the time of the texturing mapping in which the color information is mapped on the polygons and blurring operations are performed according to the depths of the objects as recited in claim 2 (column 1, line 41 – column 10, line 61 and figures 1-11). Mori does not expressly disclose specific objects or the specific portion thereof as is playable by game players and determining the objects of specific portion thereof as being in focus according to operation performed by a player as recited in claims 1, 13, and 17.

Itai discloses a gaming device having objects (plurality of enemies) or specific portion (specific enemy) being playable (focus) by a player as recited in claim 1 and 13. By having objects of specific portions thereof being playable by game players, one of ordinary skill in the art would provide game players with the ability of easily and rapidly identifying characters on the display screen in a shooting type game RPG (Role Playing Game) game. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention was made to modify Morioka to include specific objects or the specific portion thereof as is playable by game players and determining the objects of specific portion thereof as being in focus

according to operation performed by a player as taught by Itai. To do so would provide game players with the ability of easily and rapidly identifying characters on the display screen in a shooting type game RPG (Role Playing Game) game.

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- 5. Claims 3-12 and 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morioka `111 in view of Itai `709 as applied to claims 1-2, 13, and 17 above, and further in view of Sato `517.
- 6. Morioka in view Itai disclose the claimed invention as discussed above except for a specific object of the specific portion of the object as recited in claims 3 and 18; the focused objects is displayed in the center of the display as recited in claims 4 and 14; the specific object displayed or specific portion of the specific object determined as being in focus is se by the player through use of a line of sight and determine the basis of the position of the point of view of the player on a monitor screen as recited in claims 5-6 and 15-16; the blurring operations constitute processing in which blurring is reflected on both the objects located nearer to the projection surface and the objects located deeper, relative to the specific object determined as being in focus of the specific portion of the object as recited in claims 7-12; the input device includes a sensor configured to sense the view-point upon which the player's view is centered on the display, and wherein the identified object or object portion is determined from the location of the view-point as recited in claim 19.

Sato teaches an image display apparatus having the player choosing a specific object or the specific portion of the object (figures 1-4), the focused objects being displayed in the center of the display (figures 1-4), the specific object displayed or specific portion of the specific object determined as being in focus is se by the player through use of a line of sight sensor (abstract), in

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which the examiner interprets to be the detector which is a functional equivalent to the line of sight sensor which performs the same function (figures 5-12), and determine the basis of the position of the point of view of the player on a monitor screen, and the blurring operations constitute processing in which blurring is reflected on both the objects located nearer to the projection surface and the objects located deeper, relative to the specific object determined as being in focus of the specific portion of the object, and the input device includes a sensor configured to sense the view-point upon which the player's view is centered on the display, and wherein the identified object or object portion is determined from the location of the view-point (column 1, line 58 – column 8, line 55). By having a specific object focused on while the surrounding area is defocused using a line of sight sensor (detector), one of ordinary skill in the art would be able to provide game players with added realism of depth perception in a game.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention was made to modify Morioka\Itai to include the player choosing a specific object or the specific portion of the object, the objects being displayed in the center of the display, the specific object displayed or specific portion of the specific object determined as being in focus is see by the player through use of a line of sight and determine the basis of the position of the point of view of the player on a monitor screen, and the blurring operations constitute processing in which blurring is reflected on both the objects located nearer to the projection surface and the objects located deeper, relative to the specific object determined as being in focus of the specific portion of the object, and the input device includes a sensor configured to sense the view-point upon which the player's view is centered on the display, and wherein the identified object or object portion is determined from the location of the view-point

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as taught by Sato. To do so would provide game players with realistic imaging and natural realism of depth perception in a game.

## Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Totsuka `842, Takeuchi `598, and Itai `204 all disclose types of image processing means for gaming systems.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alex P. Rada whose telephone number is 703-308-7135. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 08:00-16:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Hughes can be reached on 703-308-1806. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

ADL apr

S. THOMAS(HUGHES SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700